CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Project Number(s)/Environmental Log Number/Title:

TM 5504RPL², Log No. 06-14-033; Pepper Drive Tentative Map

2. Lead agency name and address:

County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123-1666

- 3. a. Contact: Mindy Fogg, Project Manager
 - b. Phone number: (858) 694-3831
 - c. E-mail: mindy.fogg@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The project is located at 855 Pepper Drive, on the corner of Pepper Drive and Walnut Tree Lane, in the Pepper Drive-Bostonia Community Planning area, in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County.

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1251, Grid G/1

5. Project Applicant name and address:

William C. Payne, PO Box 2387, El Cajon, CA 92021

6. General Plan Designation

Community Plan: Pepper Drive - Bostonia

Land Use Designation: (6) Residential Density: 7.3 du/acre

May 3, 2007

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: RS7 – Single-Family Residential

Minimum Lot Size: 6,000 square feet

Special Area Regulation: None

8. Description of project:

The project is a Tentative Map to create five parcels on a 1.3-acre property. The proposed parcels range in size from 6,093 square feet to 11,106 square feet. The project site has an existing house that will be removed. The project also includes improvements to Walnut Tree Lane. Earthwork will consist of 600 cubic yards of cut and 1,800 cubic yards of fill. The project will receive water and sewer services from Helix Water District and Padre Dam Municipal Water District, respectively.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting (Briefly describe the project's surroundings):

The subject property is essentially an in-fill project. The site is surrounded by developed residential properties that range from 6,000 to 10,000 square feet in size. The neighboring properties similarly have a (6) Residential General Plan designation and are zoned RS7.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Minor Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Tentative Map	County of San Diego
Improvement Plans	County of San Diego
Water District Approval	Helix Water District
Sewer District Approval	Padre Dam Municipal Water District
Fire District Approval	City of Santee Fire Department

Printed Name

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Potentially Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages. ☐ Aesthetics ☐ Agriculture Resources ☐ Air Quality ☐ Biological Resources ☐ Cultural Resources ☐ Geology & Soils ☐ Hydrology & Water ☐ Hazards & Haz. Materials ☐ Land Use & Planning Quality ☐ Mineral Resources ☑ Noise ☐ Population & Housing ☐ Public Services □ Recreation ☑ Transportation/Traffic ☐ Utilities & Service ☑ Mandatory Findings of Significance Systems **DETERMINATION:** (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation: On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. May 3, 2007 Signature Date Mindy Fogg Land Use/Environmental Planner

Title

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1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).

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INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Potential Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:

- The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than a)
- b) significance

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	Initial Study, 04RPL ² , Log No. 06-14-033	- 6 -		May 3, 2007
	THETICS Would the project: Have a substantial adverse effect o	on a s	cenic	vista?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
viewshe County July 25 will not an urba propose	designated visual resources. Bas, 2006, the proposed project is not	ed on locate sting s ive ar ntial a	al sce a site ed nea cenic nd Wa advers	enic vistas along major highways or evisit completed by Mindy Fogg on ar or visible from a scenic vista and vista. The project site is located in lnut Tree Lane. Therefore, the se effect on a scenic vista.
,	outcroppings, and historic buildings			•

State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated. A scenic highway is officially designated as a State scenic highway when the local jurisdiction adopts a scenic corridor protection program, applies to the California Department of Transportation for scenic highway approval, and receives notification from Caltrans that the highway has been designated as an official Scenic Highway. Based on a site visit completed by Mindy Fogg on July 25, 2006, the proposed project is not located near or visible within the same composite viewshed as a State scenic highway and will not change the visual composition of an existing scenic resource within a State scenic highway. Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The project site is not near a state highway. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

 \square

No Impact

Less than Significant Impact

Potentially Significant Impact

Incorporated

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

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c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual surroundings?	chara	acter or quality of the site and its
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Visual and teadiverside characters of the entire compression of the en	character is the objective composition of character is based on the organization of exture. Visual character is commonly discontinuity. Visual quality is the view of the exterized as residential development (semptial development. The project is comparately of the exterized as residential development (semptial development. The project is comparately of the exterized as residential development (semptial development). The project is comparately object with lot sizes similar to the surrout object will not result in cumulative impacts the existing viewshed and a list of past, particle were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandale were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandale were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandale within the viewshed surrounding the project impact. This Tentative Map and surrounding residential community. Therefore, to or cumulative level effect on visual character and quality is the viewshed surrounding the project impact. Therefore, to or cumulative level effect on visual character and quality is the viewshed surrounding the project in the project of the projects considered. It is the viewshed surrounding the project in the viewshed in the v	of the processes of the project in the project and the project	cattern elements line, form, color, d in terms of dominance, scale, sperception of the visual ty and expectation of the viewers. It site and surrounding can be in). The project proposes similar with the existing visual to proposes single-family residential properties. Sual character or quality because in and future projects within that Findings of Significance for a see projects listed in Section XVII are and will not contribute to a ding projects conform to the le in terms of bulk and scale to the project will not result in any adverse
d)	Create a new source of substantial light day or nighttime views in the area?	or gla	re, which would adversely affect
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

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The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is located within Zone B as identified by the San Diego County Light Pollution Code. It will not adversely affect nighttime views or astronomical observations, because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115), including the Zone B lamp type and shielding requirements per fixture and hours of operation limitations for outdoor lighting and searchlights.

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The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code ensures that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level

<u>II. AGRICULTURE RESOURCES</u> -- In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. Would the project:

a)	Importance Farmland, Unique Farmland, Unique Farmland, Importance Farmland), as shown on the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Prog to non-agricultural use?	maps	prepared pursuant to the
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Farmla pursua Agend Theref	roject site does not contain any lands destand, or Farmland of Statewide Importance ant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitory. In addition, the project does not container, no Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Unique Farmland, Importance will be converted to a non-ag	e as s ring Pi ain Far nd, Fa	hown on the maps prepared rogram of the California Resources reland of Local Importance. rmland of Statewide or Farmland of
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultu	ıral us	e, or a Williamson Act contract?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project site is zoned RS7, which is not considered to be an agricultural zone. Additionally, the project site's land is not under a Williamson Act Contract. Therefore, the project does not conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract.

c)	Involve other changes in the existing en nature, could result in conversion of Far			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Farm Impo Moni Farm	The project site and surrounding area do not contain any lands designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance or Farmland of Local Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. Therefore, no Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide, or Farmland of Local Importance will be converted to a non-agricultural use.			
appli	AIR QUALITY Where available, the sign cable air quality management or air polluties the following determinations. Would the	ion coi	ntrol district may be relied upon to	
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

The project proposes development that was anticipated in SANDAG growth projections used in development of the RAQS and SIP. Operation of the project will not result in emissions of significant quantities of criteria pollutants listed in the California Ambient Air Quality Standards or toxic air contaminants as identified by the California Air Resources Board. As such, the proposed project is not expected to conflict with either the RAQS or the SIP. In addition, the project is consistent the SANDAG growth projections used in the RAQS and SIP, therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact.

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b)	Violate any air quality standard or contri projected air quality violation?	bute s	substantially to an existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) has established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. For CEQA purposes, these screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the CEQA Air Quality Handbook for the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB), which has stricter standards for emissions of ROCs/VOCs than San Diego's, is appropriate. However, the eastern portions of the county have atmospheric conditions that are characteristic of the Southeast Desert Air Basin (SEDAB). SEDAB is not classified as an extreme non-attainment area for ozone and therefore has a less restrictive screening-level. Projects located in the eastern portions of the County can use the SEDAB screening-level threshold for VOCs.

The project proposes residential development which result in removal of one existing home and development of five new homes. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in an additional 48 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

,	Result in a cumulatively considerable newhich the project region is non-attainme ambient air quality standard (including requantitative thresholds for ozone precure	nt und eleasi	der an applicable federal or state ng emissions which exceed
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O₃). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM₁₀) under the CAAQS. O₃ is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM₁₀ in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM₁₀, NO_x and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and VOCs as the result of increase of traffic from operations at the facility. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in PM₁₀ and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in an additional 48 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for VOCs and PM₁₀.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated

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with the proposed project are not expected to one nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or an	·
d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantia	al pollutant concentrations?
Potentially Significant ImpactLess Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	☐ Less than Significant Impact☑ No Impact
Air quality regulators typically define sensitive in Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or da house individuals with health conditions that we in air quality.	ly-care centers, or other facilities that may
Based a site visit conducted by Mindy Fogg on not been identified within a quarter-mile (the rawhich the dilution of pollutants is typically signifurthermore, no point-source emissions of air pare associated with the project. As such, the populations to excessive levels of air pollutants	edius determined by the SCAQMD in ficant) of the proposed project. pollutants (other than vehicle emissions) project will not expose sensitive
e) Create objectionable odors affecting a s	substantial number of people?
Potentially Significant ImpactLess Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	☐ Less than Significant Impact✓ No Impact
No potential sources of objectionable odors ha proposed project. As such, no impact from odo	
 IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the a) Have a substantial adverse effect, eithe on any species identified as a candidate 	r directly or through habitat modifications,

local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

☐ Potentially Significant Impact

Incorporated

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Based on a site visit by staff biologist, Mindy Fogg, on July 25, 2006, no native vegetation communities or habitats exist on or adjacent to the site because it has been completely disturbed. Therefore, the project will not have a substantial adverse effect on any candidate, sensitive, or special status species and would not contribute to cumulative impacts to these designated species.

b)	r	Have a substantial adverse effect on any natural community identified in local or re he California Department of Fish and G	egiona	al plans, policies, regulations or by
]	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
site v habita Multip Prote Game plans commimpae will n	isi at ole cti e (s, p nu cts ot	staff biologist, Mindy Fogg, conducted at it was determined that the proposed proor other sensitive natural communities at Species Conservation Program (MSCF on Ordinance (RPO), Natural Community Code, Endangered Species Act, Clean Voolicies or regulations. In addition, no riphity has been identified within or adjace a resulting from road improvements, utilication and community.	roject as defi P), Co ty Co Vater parian nt to t	site does not contain any riparian ned by the County of San Diego unty of San Diego Resource nservation Plan (NCCP), Fish and Act, or any other local or regional habitat or other sensitive natural he area proposed for off-site ensions, etc. Therefore, the project
c)	ŗ	Have a substantial adverse effect on fed Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (incl bool, coastal, etc.) through direct remove other means?	uding,	but not limited to, marsh, vernal
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Staff has been determined that the proposed project site does not contain any wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, stream, lake, river or water of the U.S., that could potentially be impacted through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, diversion or obstruction by the proposed development. Therefore, no impacts will occur to wetlands defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and under the jurisdiction of the Army Corps of Engineers.

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, (Interfere substantially with the moveme or wildlife species or with established na corridors, or impede the use of native w	ative re	esident or migratory wildlife
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
is locate linkage: residen	e has been completely disturbed and co ed in a semi-urban area, approximately s. Therefore, the project would not inte at or migratory fish or wildlife species, or corridors, or impede the use of native v	a half rfere v estab	mile from any corridors or habitat vith the movement of any native lished native resident or migratory
· (Conflict with the provisions of any adop Communities Conservation Plan, other conservation plan or any other local pol resources?	approv	ed local, regional or state habitat
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
informa Commu conserv Manage biologic	the attached Ordinance Compliance Ontion on consistency with any adopted Funities Conservation Plan, other approvokation plan, including, Habitat Managen ement Plans (SAMP), or any other located resources including the Multiple Special Mitigation Ordinance, Resource Pro (HLP).	labitat ed loca nent Pl I polici cies C	Conservation Plan, Natural al, regional or state habitat lans (HMP), Special Area es or ordinances that protect onservation Program (MSCP),
a) (LTURAL RESOURCES Would the pr Cause a substantial adverse change in as defined in 15064.5?	oject: the sig	gnificance of a historical resource
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

b)

Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on September 20, 2006, it has been determined that there is one historical resource within the project site. This resource includes a 1950's ranch-style house. Although the original house was built in 1950, several additions and modifications have been added over the years. Currently, the house is in poor condition and very little of the original house remains. The 1928 aerial photograph shows that this property was used as an orchard at that time. Based on this information, it has been determined that the historic resource is not significant pursuant to the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines, Section 15064.5. Moreover, if resources are not considered significant historic resources pursuant to CEQA Section 15064.5 loss of these resources cannot contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact.

Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological

	resource pursuant to 15064.5?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
staff a project within takes rear y area y was b that s	Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on September 20, 2006, it has been determined that the project site does not contain any archaeological resources. The property is located within an urban setting and has been completely disturbed. A large 1950s ranch house takes up a large portion of the center of the property with disturbed landscaping in the rear yard. The front yard is almost completely bare of structures or vegetation. This area was previously used for the storage of vehicles and campers. Although the house was built in the 1950s, it was extensively modified and expanded. There is no evidence that subsurface deposits would be found either prehistoric or historic.				
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique pageologic feature?	aleonto	ological resource or site or unique		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

<u>Unique Paleontological Resources</u> - A review of the paleontological maps provided by the San Diego Museum of Natural History, combined with available data on San Diego County's geologic formations indicates that the project is located on geological formations that have low resource potential. Low resource potential is assigned to geologic formations that, based on their relative young age and/or high-energy depositional history, are judged unlikely to produce important fossil remains. Typically,

low sensitivity formations produce invertebrate fossil remains in low abundance, which are not considered highly sensitive.

In addition, the project does not propose any grading that will exceed a cut depth of 10 feet. The minimum graded cut depth of 10 feet is the approximate depth at which bedrock is unweathered and is the depth at which unique paleontological resources can typically begin to be found. This excavation guideline is based on professional opinions of paleontological experts from the San Diego Natural History Museum and discussions with City and County of San Diego staff. Therefore, the project will not result in the permanent loss of significant paleontological information. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable loss of information, because all projects that exceed a cut depth of 10 feet and will disturb the unweathered bedrock in the areas with high or moderate resource potential are required to have a paleontological monitor present during grading operations.

<u>Unique Geologic Features</u> – The site does contain any unique geologic features that have been catalogued within the Conservation Element (Part X) of the County's General Plan or support any known geologic characteristics that have the potential to support unique geologic features. Additionally, based on a site visit by Mindy Fogg on July 25, 2006, no known unique geologic features were identified on the property or in the immediate vicinity.

a)	cemeteries?	iose ii	nterred outside of formal
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright, on September 20, 2006, it has been determined that the project will not disturb any human remains because the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains.

VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS -- Would the project:

- a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:
 - i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist

	nitial Study, - 1 4RPL ² , Log No. 06-14-033	17 -	May 3, 2007
	for the area or based on other Refer to Division of Mines and		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation	on 🗹	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Earthqu Hazards of a kno	iject is not located in a fault rupture hake Fault Zoning Act, Special Public S Zones in California, or located with Sown fault. Therefore, there will be no es to adverse effects from a known l	cation 42 iin any ot impact f	Revised 1997, Fault-Rupture her area with substantial evidence from the exposure of people or
ii	. Strong seismic ground shaking	g?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation	on 🗹	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
San Die is not lo defined Zones in Require Californ foundat the issu exposur	iform Building Code (UBC) and the Cego County with the highest seismic ecated within 5 kilometers of the cent within the Uniform Building Code's In California. In addition, the project ements Chapter 16 Section 162- Exia Building Code. Section 162 requision recommendations to be approve eance of a building or grading permitter of people or structures to potential as a result of this project.	zone crito terline of Maps of to will have tarthquak tires a soi tod by a Co to Therefo	eria, Zone 4. However, the project a known active-fault zone as Known Active Fault Near-Source to conform to the Seismic e Design as outlined within the Is compaction report with proposed ounty Structural Engineer before ore, there will be no impact from the
ii	ii. Seismic-related ground failure	, includin	g liquefaction?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation	on \square	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The pro	ject site is not located within a flood	plain; hov	wever, the geology is identified as

Quaternary Alluvium. It has determined that the project on-site conditions do not have susceptibility to settlement and liquefaction. Although the project site is Quaternary Alluvium, it is not located within a near source shaking zone. Therefore, there is a less than significant chance for people or buildings on-site to be exposed to ground failures from seismic activity.

	i۱	v. Landslides?					
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
hat t withi	The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff has determined hat the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity.						
o)	F	Result in substantial soil erosion or the l	oss of	topsoil?			
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soil on-site is identified as Ramona Sandy Loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes. This soil type has a soil erodibility rating of "severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil since it will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not significantly alter drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes. In addition, the project has prepared a Stormwater Management Plan dated November 21, 2006, prepared by JP Engineering, Inc. The plan includes Best Management Practices (BMPs) to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site. Moreover, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB

on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

c)	Will the project produce unstable geolog impacts resulting from landslides, latera collapse?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
The project is not located on or near geological formations that are unstable or would potentially become unstable as a result of the project. On a site visit conducted by Mindy Fogg on July 25, 2006, no geological formations or features were noted that would produce unstable geological conditions as a result of the project. For further information refer to VI Geology and Soils, Question a., i-iv listed above.					
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined Code (1994), creating substantial risks t				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

The project is located on expansive soils as defined within Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994). This was confirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. The soil on-site is Ramona Sandy Loam. However the project will not have any significant impacts because the project is required to comply the improvement requirements identified in the 1997 Uniform Building Code, Division III – Design Standard for Design of Slab-On-Ground Foundations to Resist the Effects of Expansive Soils and Compressible Soils, which ensure suitable structure safety in areas with expansive soils. Therefore, these soils will not create substantial risks to life or property.

e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?

	nitial Study, - 20 - 4RPL ² , Log No. 06-14-033	-	May 3, 2007				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
availabi Municip wastew	The project will rely on public water and sewer for the disposal of wastewater. A service availability letter dated February 27, 2006 has been received from the Padre Dam Municipal Water District indicating that the facility has adequate capacity for the projects wastewater disposal needs. No septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems are proposed.						
a) (Create a significant hazard to the public ransport, storage, use, or disposal of hazard to the public ransport.	or the	e environment through the routine				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				
it does i Substar	The project will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment because it does not propose the storage, use, transport, emission, or disposal of Hazardous Substances, nor are Hazardous Substances proposed or currently in use in the immediate vicinity.						
, f	Create a significant hazard to the public oreseeable upset and accident conditionaterials into the environment?		9				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact				
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact				
The project will not contain, handle, or store any potential sources of chemicals or compounds that would present a significant risk of accidental explosion or release of hazardous substances.							
,	Emit hazardous emissions or handle ha substances, or waste within one-quarte		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact				

d)

The project is not located within one-quarter mile of and existing or proposed school and the project does not propose the handling, storage, or transport of hazardous materials. Therefore, the project will not have any effect on an existing or proposed school.

d)	Be located on a site which is included or compiled pursuant to Government Code it create a significant hazard to the publi	Secti	on 65962.5 and, as a result, would
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
•	roject is not located on a site listed in the ances sites list compiled pursuant to Gov		
e)	For a project located within an airport lar not been adopted, within two miles of a the project result in a safety hazard for p area?	public	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The proposed project is located less than two miles from Gillespie Field. The project site is not within the current Airport Influence Area as defined by the current Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) or within the current 65 Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL). The project does not propose any distracting visual hazards including but not limited to distracting lights, glare, sources of smoke or other obstacles or an electronic hazard that would interfere with aircraft instruments or radio communications. The project does not propose construction of any structure equal to or greater than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from the airport. The project does not propose any artificial bird attractor, including but not limited to reservoirs, golf courses with water hazards, large detention and retention basins, wetlands, landscaping with water features, wildlife refuges, or agriculture. In addition, the project has been conditioned to dedicate an avigation easement over the property. Therefore, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.

f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

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Potentially Significant ImpactLess Than Significant With MitigatingIncorporated	ation \square	Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
No private airstrips are located in the project vicinity. However, as discussed in Section VII.e, the project is located near Gillespie Field, a public airport. For the reasons discussed above, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.				
g) Impair implementation of or physic response plan or emergency evac	•			
Potentially Significant ImpactLess Than Significant With MitigatingIncorporated	ation \square	Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency				

OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN: i.

response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a framework document that provides direction to local jurisdictions to develop specific operational area of San Diego County. It provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY ii. **RESPONSE PLAN**

The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE iv. **RESPONSE PLAN**

The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

DAM EVACUATION PLAN ٧.

The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is located outside a dam inundation zone.						
h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?						
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact			
Ш	Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No Impact			
adjace was provid sprink emerg allowe based compl the pro	The proposed project is completely surrounded by urbanized areas and there are no adjacent wildland areas. Also, a Fire Service Availability Letter dated March 28, 2007 was provided by the City of Santee Fire Department. A conditions letter was also provided on December 18, 2006. The conditions include requirements for automatic sprinklers and a fire hydrant. The Fire Service Availability Letter indicates the expected emergency travel time to the project site to be five minutes. The Maximum Travel Time allowed pursuant to the County Public Facilities Element is five minutes. Therefore, based on the location of the project; review of the project by County staff; and through compliance with the City of Santee Fire Department conditions, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires.					
i)	Propose a use, or place residents adjact foreseeable use that would substantially exposure to vectors, including mosquito transmitting significant public health dise	incre es, rat	ase current or future resident's ts or flies, which are capable of			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact			
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact			

The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by Mindy Fogg on July 25, 2006 there are none of these uses on adjacent properties. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

	YDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY /iolate any waste discharge requiremen		d the project:
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The project proposes a subdivision of 1.3 acres into five residential lots. The project applicant has provided a Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) which demonstrates that the project will comply with all requirements of the County's Watershed Protection Ordinance. The project proposes and will be required to implement site design measures, source control Best Management Practices (BMPs), and treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. Site design includes minimization of impervious surface, directing runoff to landscaped areas, and minimizing cut/fill slopes. Source control measures include properly signing storm drain inlets, containing trash within proper storage areas, controlled irrigation systems, and incorporating landscaping along roads/driveways and around parking areas. Treatment control on site will involve the use of grass-lined swales for biofiltration. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).

Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges.

D)	Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, coupollutant for which the water body is alre	ıld the	project result in an increase in any		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
The project lies in the El Cajon hydrologic subarea, within the San Diego hydrologic unit. As discussed in the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) prepared by JP Engineering Inc. for the project, the proposed development will not result in any discharge to a 303(d) impaired receiving water body.					
c)	Could the proposed project cause or consurface or groundwater receiving water beneficial uses?		• •		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the El Cajon hydrologic subarea, within the San Diego hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply, industrial service supply; hydropower generation; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; commercial and sport fishing; estuarine habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; shellfish harvesting; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project may result in the following potential sources of polluted runoff: sediments, nutrients, trash/debris, oxygen demanding substances, oil/grease, bacteria, and pesticides. However, the project proposes and will be required to implement site design measures, source control Best Management Practices (BMPs), and treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. Site design measures include minimization of impervious surface, directing runoff to landscaped areas, and minimizing cut/fill slopes. Source control measures include properly signing storm drain inlets, containing trash within proper

storage areas, controlled irrigation systems, and incorporating landscaping along roads/driveways and around parking areas. Treatment control on site will involve the use of grass-lined swales for biofiltration. These measures will be incorporated to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

d)	Substantially deplete groundwater supp groundwater recharge such that there w a lowering of the local groundwater table existing nearby wells would drop to a lev uses or planned uses for which permits	ould be levelowed	be a net deficit in aquifer volume or (e.g., the production rate of pre- ich would not support existing land		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact		
The project will obtain its water supply from the Helix Water District that obtains water from surface reservoirs or other imported water source. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation, domestic or commercial demands. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as concrete ining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. ¼ mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.					
e)	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of	strear	m or river, in a manner which would		
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

The project proposes five (5) single family residence on Walnut Tree Lane a proposed public cul-de-sac road. As outlined in the Stormwater Management Plan (Major SWMP) report by JP Engineering, Inc. dated November 21, 2006, the project will implement site design measures, source control, and/or treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. These measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMPs that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not alter any drainage patterns of the site or area onor off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI, Geology and Soils, Question b.

,	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a the rate or amount of surface runoff in a on- or off-site?	strea	m or river, or substantially increase
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The proposed project will not significantly alter established drainage patterns or significantly increase the amount of runoff for the following reasons, based on a Drainage Study prepared by JP Engineering, Inc. dated April 10, 2007: Drainage will be designed to flow to either natural drainage channels or approved drainage facilities.

This project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable alteration or a drainage pattern or increase in the rate or amount of runoff, because the project will not substantially increase water surface elevation or runoff exiting the site, as detailed above.

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O /	Create or contribute runoff water which planned storm water drainage systems		exceed the capacity of existing or		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
capacity can be	The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems. The stormwater runoff can be adequately transported offsite by the proposed stormwater drainage facilities per the Hydrology report by JP Engineering, Inc. dated April 10, 2007.				
h) F	Provide substantial additional sources	of pollu	ited runoff?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
The project may result in the following potential sources of polluted runoff: sediments, nutrients, trash/debris, oxygen demanding substances, oil/grease, bacteria, and pesticides. However, the project proposes and will be required to implement site design measures, source control Best Management Practices (BMPs), and treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. Site design measures include minimization of impervious surface, directing runoff to landscaped areas, and minimizing cut/fill slopes. Source control measures include properly signing storm drain inlets, containing trash within proper storage areas, controlled irrigation systems, and incorporating landscaping along roads/driveways and around parking areas. Treatment control on site will involve the use of grass-lined swales for biofiltration. Refer to VIII Hydrology and Water Quality Questions a, b, c, for further information.					
Ĺ	Place housing within a 100-year flood I Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance F map, including County Floodplain Map	Rate Ma	• •		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
	year flood hazard areas were identifie ement locations; therefore, no impact v		• •		

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• /	Place within a 100-year flood hazard a redirect flood flows?	area stru	actures which would impede or	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
dam inc the proj flood th	oject site lies outside any identified spe undation area for a major dam/reservo ject is not located immediately downst e property. Therefore, the project will jury or death involving flooding.	oir within tream of	San Diego County. In addition, a minor dam that could potentially	
,	Expose people or structures to a signification including flooding as a result			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
The project site lies outside any identified special flood hazard area including a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.				
l) I	nundation by seiche, tsunami, or mud	Iflow?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
i. \$	SEICHE			
•	pject site is not located along the shore nundated by a seiche.	eline of	a lake or reservoir; therefore, could	
ii	TSUNAMI			

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The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

iii. MUDFLOW

Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING Would the project:					
a) Physically divide an established community?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\Box	Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
The project does not propose the introducing new infrastructure such major roadways or water supply systems, or utilities to the area. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community.					
į I	Conflict with any applicable land use pla urisdiction over the project (including, b plan, local coastal program, or zoning of avoiding or mitigating an environmental	ut not dinan	limited to the general plan, specific ce) adopted for the purpose of		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	☑	Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

The proposed project is subject to the Regional Land Use Element Policy for Current Urban Development Area (CUDA) and General Plan Land Use Designation 6-Residential. The General Plan requires not more than 7.3 dwelling units per acre. The project is subject to the policies of the Pepper Drive - Bostonia Community Plan. This plan encourages maintaining single-family residential uses within established neighborhoods and revitalizing substandard or dilapidated structures with redevelopment projects such as this one. As such, the proposed project is consistent with the policies of the Pepper Drive - Bostonia Community Plan. The current zone is RS7 – Rural Residential, which requires a net minimum lot size of 6,000 square feet.

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The proposed project is consistent with the Zoning Ordinance requirements for minimum lot size.

X. M	IIN	ERAL RESOURCES Would the proje	ct:			
a)	F	Result in the loss of availability of a know alue to the region and the residents of the resident of the residents of the resident of the residents of the resident of the residents of the residents of the residents of the resid	vn mir			
]	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact		
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
that version that version that the contract of	The project will not result in a loss of availability of a known significant mineral resource that would be of value to the region. The project is not located in a significant mineral resource area, as identified on maps prepared by the Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1996). Also, on a site visit conducted by Mindy Fogg on July 25, 2006, no past or present mining activities were identified on the project. Moreover, if the resources are not considered significant mineral deposits, loss of these resources would not be expected to contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact.					
b)		Result in the loss of availability of a local site delineated on a local general plan, s				
]	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
]	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact		
The project site is zoned RS7, which is not considered to be an Extractive Use Zone (S82) nor does it have an Impact Sensitive Land Use Designation (24) with an Extractive Land Use Overlay (25) (County Land Use Element, 2000).						
 XI. NOISE Would the project result in: a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? 						
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
v	7	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

As described in the Noise Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads and dated February 1, 2007, the site and surrounding area supports single-family residential and is designated RS7 zone. Implementation of a noise protection easement and recommended sound wall will ensure that people are not exposed to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

General Plan – Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive area to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where quiet is an important attribute. Based on the Noise Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads, implementation of a noise protection easement and recommended sound wall will ensure that residents and any existing or planned noise sensitive areas will not be exposed to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). Based on the analysis, the location of the 60 dBA CNEL contour includes Lot 1 and parts of Lot 2. The project has been conditioned to dedicate a Noise Protection Easement over a strip of land 134-feet from centerline. In addition, noise affected outdoor areas require a 6-foot high sound barrier on the portion of the project site adjacent to Pepper Drive. The 6-foot high sound barrier will start at the northwestern corner of Lot 1, running 140-feet southeast along the Lot 1 property line. The barrier will result in reducing outdoor use area noise impacts on Lots 1 & 2 meeting County Noise regulations. Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

Noise Ordinance - Section 36-404

Based on the Noise Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads, non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404) at or beyond the project's property line. The project site and adjacent properties are zoned RS7, which has a one-hour average nighttime sound limit of 45 dBA. The proposed Tentative Map will not exceed County Noise Standards.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36-410

Based on the Noise Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads, the project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. In addition, it is not

anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75 dB between the hours of 7:00 AM and 7:00 PM.

Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy) and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of groundborne noise levels?	exce	ssive groundborne vibration or
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The project proposes residences where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation and/or sleeping conditions. However, the facilities are typically setback more than 50 feet from any County Circulation Element (CE) roadway using rubber-tired vehicles with projected groundborne noise or vibration contours of 38 VdB or less; any property line for parcels zoned industrial or extractive use; or any permitted extractive uses. A setback of 50 feet from the roadway centerline for heavy-duty truck activities would insure that these proposed uses or operations do not have any chance of being impacted significantly by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels (Harris, Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment 1995, Rudy Hendriks, *Transportation Related Earthborne Vibrations* 2002). This setback insures that this project site will not be affected by any future projects that may support sources of groundborne vibration or groundborne noise related to the adjacent roadways. In addition, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels and impact vibration sensitive uses in the surrounding area. Therefore, the project will not expose persons to or generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on a project or cumulative level.

c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
The project involves the following permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level: vehicle traffic from Pepper Drive. As indicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels based on a Noise Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads dated February 1, 2007. Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level.					
The project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because a list of past, present and future projects within in the vicinity were evaluated. It was determined that the project in combination with a list of past, present and future project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.					
d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
The project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient poise levels in the project visipity including but not limited to					

The project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity including but not limited to extractive industry; outdoor commercial or industrial uses that involve crushing, cutting, drilling, grinding, or blasting of raw materials; truck depots, transfer stations or delivery areas; or outdoor sound systems.

Also, general construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410), which are derived from State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during a 24-hour period. Therefore, the

project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.

ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.					
e)	For a project located within an airport la not been adopted, within two miles of a the project expose people residing or we noise levels?	public	airport or public use airport, would		
	Loop Them Cimmificant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
The proposed project is located within 2 miles of Gillespie Field Public Airport. However, the project implementation is not expected to expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). This is based on staff's review of projected Gillespie Field noise contour maps (CNEL 60 dB(A) contours), review by County Noise Specialist, Emmet Aquino, on January 24, 2006, and a Noise Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads dated November 3, 2006. The location of the project is outside of the CNEL 60 dB(A) contours for the airport.					
In addition, based on the list of past, present and future projects there are no new or expanded public airports projects in the vicinity that may extend the boundaries of the CNEL 60 dB noise contour or CLUP. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise on a project or cumulative level.					
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private people residing or working in the project		• • • • • • • •		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

The proposed project is not located within a one-mile vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.

XII. POPULATION AND HOUSING -- Would the project:

a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated		☑	Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
the proj restricti followin industri homes amendr	pposed project will not induce substect does not propose any physica on to or encourage population grog: new or extended infrastructure al facilities; large-scale residential to commercial or multi-family use; ments, specific plan amendments, tions; or LAFCO annexation action	l or reg wth in a or pub develo or regu zone re	ulato an are lic fae pmer ulator	ry change that would remove a ea including, but limited to the cilities; new commercial or ht; accelerated conversion of y changes including General Plan	
,	Displace substantial numbers of exof replacement housing elsewhere	_	nousi	ng, necessitating the construction	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
The property currently has a single-family residence. This residence will be replaced and four additional residences will be added once the subdivision is complete. Therefore, the project will not displace any housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere.					
,	Displace substantial numbers of pereplacement housing elsewhere?	eople, r	neces	sitating the construction of	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
The property currently has a single-family residence. This residence will be replaced and four additional residences will be added once the subdivision is complete. Therefore, the project will not displace people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere.					

XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES
 a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause

significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios
response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other
performance objectives for any of the public services:

- i. Fire protection?
- ii. Police protection?
- iii. Schools?
- iv. Parks?
- v. Other public facilities?

Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate existing services are available to the project from the following agencies/districts: City of Santee Fire Department, Helix Water District, Padre Dam Municipal Water District, and Grossmont School District. The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.

XIV. RECREATION

a)	Would the project increase the use of exor other recreational facilities such that a facility would occur or be accelerated?	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	r otoritiany Organicant impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The project involves a residential subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision

of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project opted to pay park fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts, including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

There is an existing surplus of County Regional Parks. Currently, there is over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which far exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive surplus of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result any cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant surplus of regional recreational facilities will remain.

,	Does the project include recreational face expansion of recreational facilities, whice on the environment?	•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the construction or expansion of recreational facilities cannot have an adverse physical effect on the environment.

XV. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC -- Would the project:

a) Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?

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☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Less Than Significant With Mitig	gation	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The proposed project was reviewed by I determined that the proposed project wi (ADT). The addition of 48 ADT will not a vehicle trips, volume of capacity ratio on to existing conditions. Therefore, the primpact on traffic volume, which is considered and capacity of the street system.	ill result in ar result in a su n roads, or co roject will not dered substa	n additional 48 Average Daily Trips abstantial increase in the number of ongestion at intersections in relation have a significant direct project antial in relation to existing traffic
, , ,	stion manag	level of service standard ement agency and/or as identified npact Fee Program for designated
Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

The County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, state, and federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

No Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Incorporated

The proposed project generates 48 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the County that were analyzed by the TIF program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is

 \sim

required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

Pacult in a change in air traffic natterns, including either an increase in traffic

0)	levels or a change in location that result	•	•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The problem of the property of the problem of the p	proposed project is located within 4,300 feoroject was reviewed by Eric Nelson, Airport Works. It was determined that this smage in air traffic patterns. In addition, an averty to ensure that development of the site efore, the proposed project will not have adding either an increase in traffic levels or a cantial safety risks.	orts Er Il resid vigatio e does i signif	ngineer with the Department of dential subdivision would effect a n easement will be placed over the not result in any safety risks. Ficant impact on air traffic patterns,
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a dangerous intersections) or incompatible	_	` • .
	Potentially Significant ImpactLess Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The proposed project will not significantly alter traffic safety on Walnut Tree Lane. The engineer will provide evidence that there is a minimum unobstructed sight distance in both directions along Pepper Drive (SC1870 – Light Collector) from Walnut Tree Lane, for the prevailing operating speed of traffic on Pepper Drive, to the satisfaction of the Director of the Department of Public Works. All road improvements will be constructed according to the County of San Diego Public and Private Road Standards. Roads used to access the proposed project site are up to County standards. The proposed project will not place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly increase hazards due to design features or incompatible uses

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e) R	esult in inadequate emergency a	ccess'	?	
	Potentially Significant Impact			Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
served b Consolid	•	ne maxi tection	imum	gency access. The project is not cumulative length permitted by the cts in San Diego County; therefore,
f) R	esult in inadequate parking capa	city?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation		No Impact
spaces f	ning Ordinance Section 6758 Par for each dwelling unit. The proposite parking spaces consistent wit	sed lo	ts hav	ve sufficient area to provide at least
•	onflict with adopted policies, plar ansportation (e.g., bus turnouts,	-	_	• • •
	Potentially Significant Impact		$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation		No Impact
required				s for pedestrians or bicyclists. Any n existing conditions as it relates to
a) E	TILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEM xceed wastewater treatment requality Control Board?			• •
	Potentially Significant Impact		$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation		No Impact

b)

The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to a community sewer system that is permitted to operate by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). A project facility availability form has been received from Padre Dam Municipal Water District that indicates the district will serve the project. Therefore, because the project will be discharging wastewater to a RWQCB permitted community sewer system and will be required to satisfy the conditions listed above, the project is consistent with the wastewater treatment requirements of the RWQCB, including the Regional Basin Plan.

Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment

-,	facilities or expansion of existing facilities significant environmental effects?	s, the	construction of which could cause
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
In add wastev project facilitie and wa agenc project	roject does not include new or expanded ition, the project does not require the corwater treatment facilities. Based on the stable will not require construction of new or eas. Service availability forms have been astewater treatment facilities are availables/districts: Helix Water and Padre Dam t will not require any construction of new cant environmental effects.	nstruct service xpand provid e to th Munic	ion or expansion of water or e availability forms received, the ed water or wastewater treatment ed which indicate adequate water he project from the following cipal Water District. Therefore, the
c)	Require or result in the construction of nexpansion of existing facilities, the constention environmental effects?		•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The pr	roject will incorporate Best Management	Practi	ces but will not involve significant

The project will incorporate Best Management Practices but will not involve significant construction or expansion of facilities. Refer to the Storm water Management Plan dated November 21, 2006 for more information. As outlined in this Environmental Analysis Form Section I-XVII, the project's stormwater measures will not result in adverse physical effect on the environment.

d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?

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	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Letter fr resourc	ject requires water service from the He om the Helix Water District has been p es and entitlements are available to se re, the project will have sufficient wate	rovide rve the	d, indicating adequate water erequested water resources.
r	Result in a determination by the wastewnay serve the project that it has adequate or ojected demand in addition to the pro-	ate cap	pacity to serve the project's
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
A Service wastew	ject requires wastewater service from the Availability Letter from the district hat ater service capacity is available to serwill not interfere with any wastewater to	as bee	n provided, indicating adequate requested demand. Therefore, the
,	Be served by a landfill with sufficient pe project's solid waste disposal needs?	rmitted	d capacity to accommodate the
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
includin	entation of the project will generate sol g landfills require solid waste facility pe enty Department of Environmental Heal	ermits t	to operate. In San Diego County, cal Enforcement Agency issues

Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.

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g)	Comply with federal, state, and locawaste?	al statu	ites a	and regulations related to solid
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated			Less than Significant Impact No Impact
includi the Co solid w Manao (Section Subdiv waste	nentation of the project will generate ng landfills require solid waste facili ounty Department of Environmental raste facility permits with concurrence gement Board (CIWMB) under the a ons 44001-44018) and California Consister rision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440 of at a permitted solid waste facility ar cal statutes and regulations related	ity perr Health ce fron authorit ode of l et seq.)	mits to , Loc n the ry of t Regu). Th efore	o operate. In San Diego County, al Enforcement Agency issues California Integrated Waste the Public Resources Code alations Title 27, Division 2, are project will deposit all solid and will comply with Federal, State,
	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGN			
a)	Does the project have the potential substantially reduce the habitat of a wildlife population to drop below se plant or animal community, substar of a rare or endangered plant or an major periods of California history of	a fish o elf-susta ntially r nimal o	or wild aining educ r elim	dlife species, cause a fish or g levels, threaten to eliminate a se the number or restrict the range ninate important examples of the
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated			Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. There is no substantial evidence that there are biological or cultural resources that are affected or associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

D)	considerable? ("Cumulatively considera a project are considerable when viewed projects, the effects of other current projects)?	ble" m in coi	neans that the incremental effects of nnection with the effects of past
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
\checkmark	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER
Simmoncrest	P05-026
Wienerschnitzel	P91-011-03
Casa De Verde	S06-036
Somermont View	TM 5206
Winterview TM	TM 5224
Spring Tree Condominium Conversion	TM 5379
Persimmon Homes	TM 5384
Hart Drive Condominiums	TM 5389
Parkway Club	TM 5399
Parkway Club	TM 5399
Bostonia Townhomes	TM 5402
First Street Subdivision	TM 5412
Bradley Ave TM	TM 5422
East Bradley TM	TM 5455
Corazon De La Aldea Condominiums	TM 5464
Pepper Villa Drive	TM 5517
Gateway Commercial Subdivision	TM 5529
Jolly TPM	TPM 20502
Pepper Drive TPM	TPM 20648
Stover TPM	TPM 20745
Tills TPM	TPM 20862
Topper Lane Tpm	TPM 20895
Tuttle Lane TPM	TPM 20921
Hiel TPM	TPM 20925
Greenfield Dr. Condo Conversion	TPM 20927
Pepper Drive Tentative Parcel Map	TPM 20931
Donte	TPM 20968
Jewitt Minor Subdivision	TPM 20988

Cell Site	ZAP 00-162
Peck's Pepper Drive Cell Site	ZAP 03-102
Cell Site	ZAP 06-013
Car Wash	ZAP 91-013-03
Magnolia Plaza	ZAP 92-001-01

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related to traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these cumulative effects to a level below significance. This mitigation consists of participation in the County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee for potential impacts to traffic congestion on designated roads/highways. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c)	Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?					
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	V	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to the Noise. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes dedication of a Noise Protection Easement and placement of noise barrier where the project boundary is adjacent to Pepper Drive. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For State regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.

PROJECT REFERENCES

- JP Engineering Inc., *Hydrology and Drainage Study for TM* 5504, April 10, 2007
- JP Engineering Inc., Stormwater Management Plan for TM 5504, November 21, 2006
- Urban Crossroads, Noise Impact Analysis for TM 5504, February 1, 2007

AESTHETICS

- California Street and Highways Code [California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/)
- California Scenic Highway Program, California Streets and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/scenic/scpr.htm)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910, 6322-6326. ((www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-73: Hillside Development Policy. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-104: Policy and Procedures for Preparation of Community Design Guidelines, Section 396.10 of the County Administrative Code and Section 5750 et seq. of the County Zoning Ordinance. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan, Scenic Highway Element VI and Scenic Highway Program. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Light Pollution Code, Title 5, Division 9 (Sections 59.101-59.115 of the County Code of Regulatory Ordinances) as added by Ordinance No 6900, effective January 18, 1985, and amended July 17, 1986 by Ordinance No. 7155. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego Wireless Communications Ordinance [San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances. (www.amlegal.com)
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County. (Alpine, Bonsall, Fallbrook, Julian, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, Sweetwater, Valley Center).
- Federal Communications Commission, Telecommunications Act of 1996 [Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. LA. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996). (http://www.fcc.gov/Reports/tcom1996.txt)

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- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Lighting Research Center, National Lighting Product Information Program (NLPIP), Lighting Answers, Volume 7, Issue 2, March 2003. (www.lrc.rpi.edu)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000, Urbanized Area Outline Map, San Diego, CA. (http://www.census.gov/geo/www/maps/ua2kmaps.htm)
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System. (www.blm.gov)
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.
- US Department of Transportation, National Highway System Act of 1995 [Title III, Section 304. Design Criteria for the National Highway System.

 (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/nhsdatoc.html)

AGRICULTURE RESOURCES

- California Department of Conservation, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, "A Guide to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program," November 1994. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Office of Land Conversion, "California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model Instruction Manual," 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Farmland Conservancy Program, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act, 1965. (www.ceres.ca.gov, www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Right to Farm Act, as amended 1996. (www.qp.gov.bc.ca)
- County of San Diego Agricultural Enterprises and Consumer Information Ordinance, 1994, Title 6, Division 3, Ch. 4. Sections 63.401-63.408. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Department of Agriculture, Weights and Measures, "2002 Crop Statistics and Annual Report," 2002. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)

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- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System. (www.nrcs.usda.gov, www.swcs.org).
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

AIR QUALITY

- CEQA Air Quality Analysis Guidance Handbook, South Coast Air Quality Management District, Revised November 1993. (www.aqmd.gov)
- County of San Diego Air Pollution Control District's Rules and Regulations, updated August 2003. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Federal Clean Air Act US Code; Title 42; Chapter 85 Subchapter 1. (<u>www4.law.cornell.edu</u>)

BIOLOGY

- California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub Natural Community Conservation Planning Process Guidelines. CDFG and California Resources Agency, Sacramento, California. 1993. (www.dfg.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, An Ordinance Amending the San Diego County Code to Establish a Process for Issuance of the Coastal Sage Scrub Habitat Loss Permits and Declaring the Urgency Thereof to Take Effect Immediately, Ordinance No. 8365. 1994, Title 8, Div 6, Ch. 1. Sections 86.101-86.105, 87.202.2. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Ord. Nos. 8845, 9246, 1998 (new series). (www.co.sandiego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Implementing Agreement by and between United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Game and County of San Diego. County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, 1998.
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- Holland, R.R. Preliminary Descriptions of the Terrestrial Natural Communities of California. State of California, Resources Agency, Department of Fish and Game, Sacramento, California, 1986.
- Memorandum of Understanding [Agreement Between United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF), San Diego County Fire Chief's Association and the Fire District's Association of San Diego County.
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